



Installation Instructions for KPMI Part No: 80-81050

Yamaha • YZ 450F • 2010-'13

Stainless Steel Valve Intake Spring Kit

For applications with low hours and/or apparent intake face recession, and exhaust components that meet factory specifications, you may consider KPMI's Intake Only Systems when performing necessary service. Bear in mind that KPMI does not advise partial conversions on race bikes and/or engines that have reached factory advertised service limits. Always consult with qualified professionals suited to inspect your machine.

A) 80-81050 Kit Includes

<u>Qty</u>	<u>Application</u>	<u>Description</u>
2 - Pcs	Intake	Titanium Retainers
2 - Prs	Intake	Chrome Silicon Springs
2 - Pcs	Intake	H.T. Steel Basewashers
2 - Pcs	Intake	Black Diamond Valves

B) Recommended Installed Height - Intake

1. Installed Height (Outer Spring)	1.180"-1.190"
2. Seat Pressure	46 lbs
3. Open Pressure at .380" lift	138 lbs
4. Open Pressure at .450" lift	155 lbs
5. Max Valve Lift*	0.450"

* Cams with greater than stock lift may require the use of KPMI valve guides.

KPMI valve guides are shorter than OEM spec. to allow for more lift. Always check clearances.

C) Notes

- The difference between the installed height and the coil bind height is considered "Free-Travel"
The coil bind height is determined by compressing the spring or springs with the retainer and basewasher in place, a vice can be used for this operation, once springs are compressed measure the distance between the retainer and basewasher where the outer spring contacts them.
- Free-travel should always be gross valve lift +.060" for safe operation.
- Retainer to seal and retainer to guide clearance should also be gross valve lift +.060" for safe operation.
- Failure to check valve train clearances can result in serious damage to an engine

Packaged By: _____

Date: _____

TECH TIPS

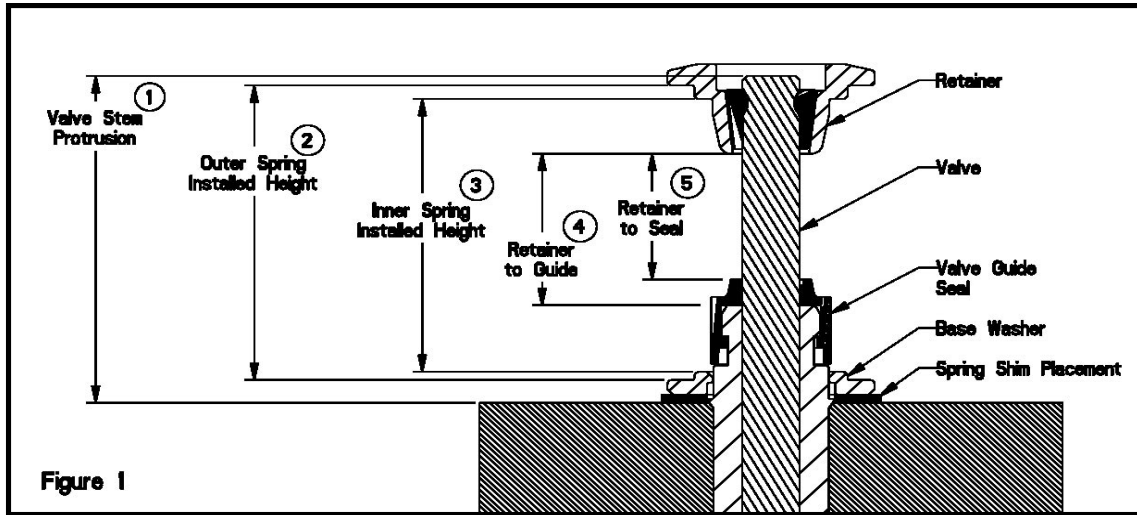


Figure 1

Valve Train Terminology

1. Stem Protrusion is measured from the tip of the valve stem to the cylinder head. See Figure 1.
2. Outer spring installed height is measured where the outer spring contacts the retainer and lower component when assembled. See Figure 1.
3. Inner spring installed height is measured where the inner spring contacts the retainer and lower component when assembled. See Figure 1.
4. Retainer to guide clearance is the distance between the valve guide (w/o the seal) and the bottom of the retainer, with the valve in the closed position. See Figure 1 and Notes 3 & 4.
5. Retainer to seal clearance is the distance between the valve stem seal and the bottom of the retainer, with the valve in the closed position. See Figure 1 and Notes 3 & 4.

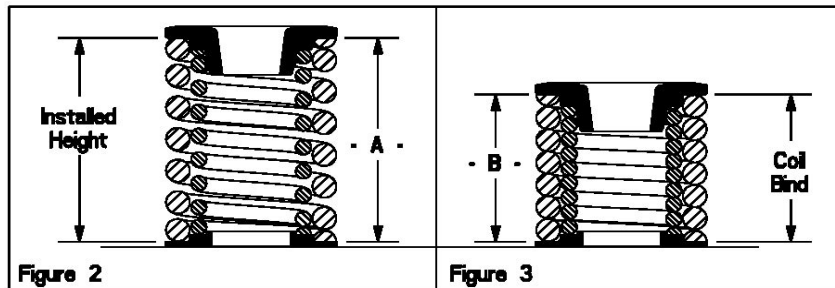


Figure 2

Figure 3

Installed Height

1. In Figure 2 the installed height is measured from where the outer spring contacts the retainer and the basewasher. This measurement is taken when the valve, basewasher, retainer, and keepers are assembled in the cylinder head.

Coil Bind / Solid Height:

1. In Figure 3 the coil bind height is determined by compressing the spring or springs with the retainer and basewasher in place, a vice can be used for this operation, once springs are compressed measure the distance between the retainer and basewasher where the outer spring contacts them.

Notes:

1. The difference between the installed height and the coil bind height is considered "Free-Travel"
2. Free-travel should always be gross valve lift +.060" for safe operation.
3. Retainer to seal and retainer to guide clearance should also be gross valve lift +.060" for safe operation.
4. Failure to check valve train clearances can result in serious damage to an engine.